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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/075,657	02/12/2002	Wei-Zhong Li	13854-006001	9368	
26181 7	7590 11/04/2004		EXAMINER		
FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. 3300 DAIN RAUSCHER PLAZA		•	CURTIS, CRAIG		
	IS, MN 55402		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2872		
			DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO 90C (Rev 10/03)

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Office Action Summary		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/075,65	7	LI, WEI-ZHONG			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Craig Curti		2872			
Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	n appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	S		
THE N - Extens after S - If the p - If NO p - Failure Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (Serious of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF IX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, be to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by so ply received by the Office later than three months after the reply in the provided patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no ever n. a reply within the statu eriod will apply and will statute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tin tory minimum of thirty (30) day expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this commun D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.		
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3	19 August 2004.					
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	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositio	on of Claims						
5)	4)						
Application	on Papers						
9)□ T	he specification is objected to by the Example 1	miner.					
10) □ T	10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to	- · ·					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the ∞ The oath or declaration is objected to by th		/	•			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[;	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Buse the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have beer ments have beer priority docume ureau (PCT Rule	n received. n received in Applicat nts have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stag	е		
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary				
3) 🔲 Inform	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal f 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152))		

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DETAILED ACTION

Disposition of the Instant Application

- This Office Action is responsive to Applicant's Amendment filed on 19 August 2004, which has been made of record in the file.
- By this amendment, Applicant has amended claims 9, 20-22, and 25.
- Claims 1-27 are presently pending in the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

- (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or
- (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).
- 1. Claims 1-4, 8-12, 14, 15, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Riza (6,360,037).

With regard to claims 1, 9, and 21, Riza discloses the invention as claimed--a 2x2 optical switch (see Figs. 3a & 3b) comprising:

a first port (1) adapted to receive an optical input and generate an optical output (1 & 1', respectively));

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a second port (2) adapted to receive an optical input and generate an optical output (2 & 2', respectively);

a switching component group (24a and/or 24b) including a singular polarization switch (see col. 4, ll. 55-67--cols. 5-8--col. 9, ll. 1-13; it being noted that the newly recited modifier singular does not preclude the presence of additional polarization switches, due to the open-ended transitional "comprising" recited in the preamble);

a first component group coupled between the first port and the switching component group (14a & 26a), the first component group operable to provide light beams having a first polarization to the switching component group (id.); and

a second component group coupled between the second port and the switching component group (14b & 26b), the second component group operable to provide light beams having a second polarization to the switching component group (id.);

wherein,

when the polarization switch is disabled, the switching component group being adapted to pass one or more light beams exiting from the first component group with a first chosen polarization and reintroduce to the first component group with the first chosen polarization without changing the polarization of the one or more light beams (see 24a & 24b; 14a & 26a in Fig. 3a), and

to pass one or more light beams exiting from the second component group with a second chosen polarization into one or more light beams reentering the second component group with the second chosen polarization (see 24a & 24b; 14b & 26b in Fig. 3a), and

when the polarization switch is enabled, the switching component group being adapted to pass one or more light beams exiting from the first component group with the first chosen polarization and reintroduce to the second component group the one or more light beams with the second chosen polarization without changing the polarization of the one or more light beams (see 24a & 24b (as identified in Fig. 3a); 14a and 26a in Fig. 3b), and

to convert one or more light beams exiting from the second component group with the second chosen polarization into one or more light beams reentering the first component group with the first chosen polarization (see Fig. 3b); and

a reflector (viz., TIR prisms 38).

With regard to claims 2 & 10, Riza further discloses wherein said first component group of said 2x2 optical switch of claim 1 is adapted to receive the optical input from said first port (see 14a & 26a) and generate two light beams with the first chosen polarization entering the switching component group (14a being an optical circulator), and to receive two light beams with the first chosen polarization from the switching component group and generate an optical output to the first port (see Fig. 3a); and the second component group is adapted to receive the optical input from the second port (see 14b & 26b) and generate two light beams with the second chosen polarization entering the switching component group (14b being an optical circulator), and to receive two light beams with the second chosen polarization from the switching component group and generate an optical output to the second port (see Fig. 3a).

With regard to claims 3 & 11, Riza further discloses wherein said polarization switch comprises a mirror (see retroreflecting prisms 38).

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With regard to claims 4 & 12, Riza still further discloses wherein said polarization switch comprises a liquid crystal cell (elements 34: see col. 5, ll. 4-20) sandwiched between two transparent conducting plates (inherent).

With regard to claim 8, Riza additionally discloses wherein said switching component group comprises a reflector coupled to the first switch component group (viz., TIR prism 38);

a polarization beam splitter (PBS 36) coupled to the second switch component group, the reflector and the polarization switch.

With regard to claims 14 & 15, said TNLCs 34 are filters that are tunable (at least to the extent that they are taught as being switchable).

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 20, 22, 23, 25, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Li et al. (6,178,044).

Li et al. disclose the invention as claimed--an optical switch/optical component comprising all the recited elements. See Figs. 2A & 2B.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 5-7, 13, and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Riza (6,360,037) and Li et al. (6,178,044).

Riza discloses the claimed invention as set forth above EXCEPT FOR, with regard to these claims, an explicit teaching wherein a structured half wavelength plate is coupled to said first birefringent material; a second birefringent material coupled to the structured half wavelength plate; a half wavelength plate coupled to said second birefringent material; and a Faraday rotator coupled to the half wavelength plate.

Li et al., however, disclose an optical component comprising a structured half wavelength plate (112) coupled to a first birefringent material (108); a second birefringent material (116) coupled to said structured half wavelength plate (112); a half wavelength plate coupled to said second birefringent material (116; see Fig. 2B); and a Faraday rotator (118) coupled to said half wavelength plate (see Fig. 2B), wherein said structured half wavelength plate is coupled to said first birefringent material plate through a wedge (114).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the invention of Riza such that it comprise a structured half wavelength plate

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is coupled to said first birefringent material; a second birefringent material coupled to the structured half wavelength plate; a half wavelength plate coupled to said second birefringent material; and a Faraday rotator coupled to the half wavelength plate, as explicitly disclosed by Li et al., for at least the purpose of manipulating polarization states of light propagating through said 2x2 optical switch in a desired fashion.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 24 and 27 are objected to as being dependent upon rejected base claims, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Reasons for Allowance

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

5. Claims 24 and 27 would be allowable over the prior art for at least the reason that the prior art fails to teach or to reasonably suggest an optical component or optical component group comprising, inter alia, a structured half wavelength plate that includes two regions of half wavelength plates placed diagonal to each other and two regions of transparent plates placed diagonal to each other, as set forth in the claimed combination.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed on 19 August 2004 with respect to the claims have been fully considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection presented hereinbefore.

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Contact Information

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Craig Curtis, whose telephone number is (571) 272-2311. The examiner can

normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Drew A. Dunn, can be reached on (571) 272-2312. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may

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contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

C.H.C.

Craig H. Curtis

Group Art Unit

28 October 2004

Audrey Chang

Primary Examiner Technology Center 2800